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**Statistical Pattern Recognition (CE-725)  
Department of Computer Engineering  
Quiz #6 (Mini Exam) - Spring 2010**

**1. (40 points)** Assume a two-class ( $w_1$  and  $w_2$ ) classification problem with the Gaussian densities and the following parameters:

Prior probabilities:  $P(w_1) = P(w_2)$

Means:  $\mu_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mu_2 = \begin{bmatrix} d \\ e \end{bmatrix}$

Covariances:  $\Sigma_1 = \begin{bmatrix} a & c \\ c & b \end{bmatrix}, \Sigma_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

where  $ab - c^2 = 1$ .

a) Find the Bayesian discriminant function and the boundary equation (write them in the simplest form).

b) Determine the constraints on the values of a, b, c, d and e, such that the resulting discriminant function results in a linear decision boundary.

c) Let  $a=2, b=1, c=0, d=4, e=4$ . Find the Fisher's projection direction ( $w$ ). Suppose that the number of class 1 and class 2 samples are equal.

**2. (20 points)** What is cross-validation? Give examples of cross-validation methods.

**3. (20 points)** Assume a one-dimensional two-class problem with Gaussian densities with the same variances and means such that  $\mu_1 < \mu_2$ .

The decision boundary of these classes will be of the form  $x = \theta$ , which  $\theta$  is in the range of  $(-\infty, +\infty)$ . A ROC curve can be drawn based on  $\theta$ .

If  $\mu_2$  become smaller (closer to  $\mu_1$ ), how the ROC curve will be changed?

**4. (20 points)** Given the following set of prototypes:

S1: (0,1), (0,2)

S2: (1,0), (2,0)

Apply pseudo-inverse procedure to find a solution vector for a linear discriminant function.

Hint: if  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.1 & 0.9 & -1.5 \\ 0.9 & 1.1 & 1.5 \\ -1.5 & -1.5 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$