

Homework 2 (Chapters 1 & 2)

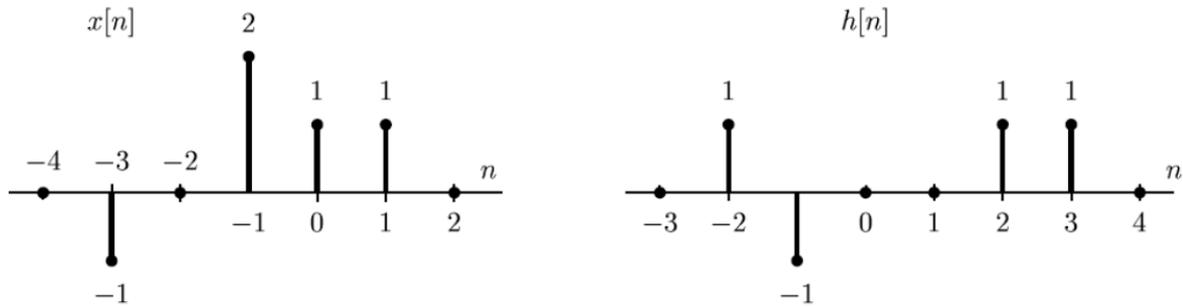
Problems:

1. Consider the signal

$$x(t) = u(t) - u(t-1) + (4-2t)[u(t-1) - u(t-2)]$$

- a. Sketch the signal $x(t)$.
 - b. Sketch the odd part of $x(t)$.
 - c. Sketch the signal $y(t) = 2x(3 - \frac{t}{2})$.
 - d. Sketch the signal $g(t) = \frac{d}{dt}x(t)$.
2. Determine whether each of the following signals is periodic. If the signal is periodic, state its period and fundamental frequency.
- a. $[\sin(\pi n/5)]/(\pi n)$
 - b. $e^{j(2\pi n/8)}$
 - c. e^{jn}
3. For each of following systems determine whether the system is stable, causal, linear, time invariant and memory less:
- a. $y[n] = x[-|n|]^2$
 - b. $y[n] = x[n] + x[n-1]$
 - c. $y[n] = (-0.5)^2(x[n]+1)$
 - d. $y[n] = x[n^2]$
 - e. $y[n] = (\cos(\pi n)).x[n]$
 - f. $y[n] = \sum_{k=n-1}^{\infty} x[k]$
 - g. $y(t) = e^{-|x(t)|} \cdot \log(x(t) + 1)$
 - h. $y(t) = x(\frac{t}{2}) \cdot \cos(x^2(t))$
4. Consider a system with input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$. The input-output relationship is defined by the following two properties:
- a. $y[n] + \alpha y[n-1] = x[n]$,
 - b. $y[0] = 1$.
- a. Determine whether the system is time invariant.
 - b. Determine whether the system is linear.
 - c. Assume that the difference equation (property 1) remains the same, but the value $y[0]$ is specified to be zero. Does this change your answer to either Part (a) or Part (b)?

5. Compute the convolution sum $y[n] = x[n]*h[n]$ for each of the following pairs of signals.



- a. $x[n] = u[n+4] - u[n-1]$, $h[n] = 2^n \cdot u[2-n]$
 b. $x[n]$ and $h[n]$ are depicted above.

6. Prove that if a system is linear and causal, then is in initial rest condition (i.e. if $x[n] = 0$ for $n < n_0$, then $y[n] = 0$ for $n < n_0$).
7. The followings are the impulse responses of LTI systems. Determine whether each system is causal and/or stable. Justify your answers.
- $h[n] = 2^n \cdot u[3-n]$
 - $[1 - 0.99^n] \cdot u[n]$
 - $2u[n+5] - u[n] - u[n-5]$
 - $h(t) = u(1-t) - (1/2)e^{-t}u(t)$
 - $h(t) = e^{15t}[u(t-1) - u(t-100)]$
8. Consider an LTI system whose response to the signal $x_1(t)$ is the signal $y_1(t)$ where these signals are defined below. Determine and provide a labeled sketch of the response to the input $x_2(t)$, which is also defined below.

$$x_1(t) = u(t+1) - u(t-1),$$

$$y_1(t) = \begin{cases} t + 2, & -2 < t < 0 \\ -t + 2, & 0 < t < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$y_2(t) = \begin{cases} t + 2 & -2 < t < -1 \\ 1 & -1 < t < 1 \\ -t + 2 & 1 < t < 2 \end{cases}$$

9. The input $x(t)$ to a system yields the output $y(t)$, as shown below. Sketch the response $y(t)$ when the input is $x(t) = u(t+1) - u(t-2)$.

