

Date Due: Ordibehesh 2nd, 1392

Homework 5 (Chapter 5)

Problems

1. Compute the Fourier transform of the following signals.

- $x[n] = \frac{e^{j\frac{\pi}{5}n} \sin(\frac{2\pi}{5}n)}{\pi n}$
- $x[n] = u[-n - 1] - u[n + 3]$
- $x[n] = \cos(\frac{5\pi}{3}n) - \sin(\frac{7\pi}{3}n)$
- $x[n] = (\frac{1}{3})^n u[n] \cos(\frac{5\pi}{8}n)$
- $x[n] = (n + 3)(\frac{1}{4})^{|n|}$

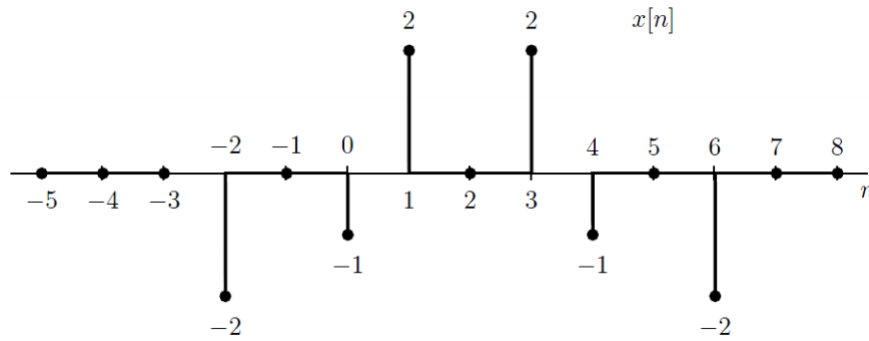
2. Determining corresponding signals of the transforms.

- $X(e^{j\omega}) = 6 - e^{j\omega} + 8e^{-j3\omega} - 16e^{-j11\omega} + 4e^{j4\omega}$
- $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sin^2(3\omega) + \cos^2(2\omega)$
- $X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1+3e^{-j3\omega}}{1+\frac{1}{4}e^{-j\omega}}$
- $X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{e^{-j2\omega} \sin(\frac{5}{2}\omega)}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$
- $X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq |\omega| < \frac{\pi}{4}, \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{4} < |\omega| < \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} < |\omega| \leq \pi$

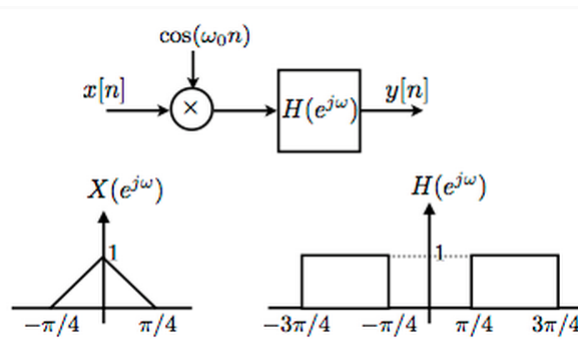
3. Consider an LTI system described by the following difference equation:

$$y[n] + \frac{1}{2}y[n - 1] = x[n]$$

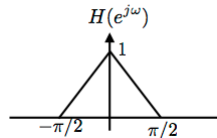
- Find the impulse response of the system.
 - Is this system causal? Why?
 - Is the inverse of this system causal? Why?
 - Is this system a lowpass, highpass or bandpass filter? (Hint: You can sketch the magnitude of the frequency response.)
4. Let $X(e^{j\omega})$ denote the Fourier transform of the signal $x[n]$ depicted below.
- Find a such that $e^{ja\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$ is real.
 - Find $X(e^{j\pi})$.
 - Find and sketch the signal whose Fourier transform is $Real\{X(e^{j\omega})\}$.



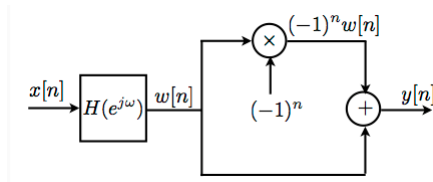
5. Consider the following system with the input $x[n]$ and the bandpass filter $h[n]$. Determine the value of ω_0 that maximizes the energy of the output for the given $X(e^{j\omega})$ and $H(e^{j\omega})$.



6. Consider a lowpass filter with the following frequency response. What is the output $y[n]$ when the input to this filter is $x[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi}{5}n) + \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n) + \frac{1}{2}\cos(\frac{3\pi}{4}n)$?



7. Consider the following system. What is the value of $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} y[n]$ when the input is $x[n] = \delta[n]$ and $H(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$?



Practical Problems

1. Write a MATLAB function to compute the DTFT of a finite-duration sequence. The format of the function should be

```
function [X] = dtft(x, n, w)
% [X] = dtft(x, n, w)
% X = DTFT values computed at w frequencies
% x = finite duration sequence over n
% n = sample position vector
% w = frequency location vector
```

2. Write a MATLAB code to compute the DFTF of the signal $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & |n| \leq N_1 \\ 0, & |n| > N_1 \end{cases}$. Plot $X(e^{j\omega})$ and its magnitude for $N_1 = 1, 2, 4$. (You can use 'subplot' to have all the results in one figure.)